

Please check the examination details below before entering your candidate information

Candidate surname					Other names				
Centre Number					Candidate Number				
Pearson Edexcel International Advanced Level Tuesday 7 May 2024									
Afternoon (Time: 1 hour 30 minutes)					Paper reference		WME01/01		
Mathematics International Advanced Subsidiary/Advanced Level Mechanics M1									
You must have: Mathematical Formulae and Statistical Tables (Yellow), calculator								Total Marks	

Candidates may use any calculator permitted by Pearson regulations. Calculators must not have the facility for symbolic algebra manipulation, differentiation and integration, or have retrievable mathematical formulae stored in them.

Instructions

- Use **black** ink or ball-point pen.
- If pencil is used for diagrams/sketches/graphs it must be dark (HB or B).
- **Fill in the boxes** at the top of this page with your name, centre number and candidate number.
- Answer **all** questions and ensure that your answers to parts of questions are clearly labelled.
- Answer the questions in the spaces provided
– *there may be more space than you need.*
- You should show sufficient working to make your methods clear.
Answers without working may not gain full credit.
- Whenever a numerical value of g is required, take $g = 9.8 \text{ m s}^{-2}$, and give your answer to either 2 significant figures or 3 significant figures.

Information

- A booklet 'Mathematical Formulae and Statistical Tables' is provided.
- There are 8 questions in this question paper. The total mark for this paper is 75.
- The marks for **each** question are shown in brackets
– *use this as a guide as to how much time to spend on each question.*

Advice

- Read each question carefully before you start to answer it.
- Try to answer every question.
- Check your answers if you have time at the end.
- If you change your mind about an answer, cross it out and put your new answer and any working underneath.

Turn over ►

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1. Two particles, A and B , have masses m and $3m$ respectively. The particles are connected by a light inextensible string. Initially A and B are at rest on a smooth horizontal plane with the string slack.

Particle A is then projected along the plane away from B with speed U .

Given that the common speed of the particles immediately after the string becomes taut is S

- (a) find S in terms of U .

(2)

- (b) Find, in terms of m and U , the magnitude of the impulse exerted on A immediately after the string becomes taut.

(3)

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Question 1 continued

Lined area for writing the answer to Question 1.

(Total for Question 1 is 5 marks)



2. Two forces, **P** and **Q**, act on a particle.

- **P** has magnitude 10 N and acts due west
- **Q** has magnitude 8 N and acts on a bearing of 330°

Given that $\mathbf{F} = \mathbf{P} + \mathbf{Q}$, find the magnitude of **F**.

(4)

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Question 2 continued

Handwriting practice area with 30 horizontal lines.

(Total for Question 2 is 4 marks)



3.

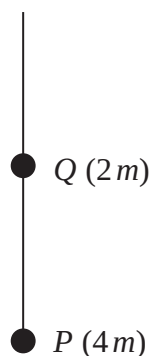


Figure 1

Two particles, P and Q , have masses $4m$ and $2m$ respectively. The particles are connected by a light inextensible string. A second light inextensible string has one end attached to Q . Both strings are taut and vertical, as shown in Figure 1.

The particles are **accelerating** vertically **downwards**.

Given that the tension in the string connecting the two particles is $3mg$, find, in terms of m and g , the tension in the upper string.

(6)

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Question 3 continued

Lined area for writing the answer to Question 3.

(Total for Question 3 is 6 marks)



P 7 5 7 1 8 R A 0 7 2 8

A horizontal beam of length 6.5 m is shown, with points A, C, and B marked. A support is located at point C, which is 1.5 m from point B. The beam is divided into two segments: AC (6.0 m) and CB (1.5 m). The area under the beam is shaded with diagonal lines.

A non-uniform rod AB has length 6.5 m and mass 1.2 kg . The centre of mass of the rod is 3 m from A . The rod rests on a horizontal step and overhangs the end of the step C by 1.5 m , as shown in Figure 2.

A particle of mass 4 kg is placed on the rod at B and another particle, whose mass is $M\text{ kg}$, is placed on the rod at D , where $AD = 0.5\text{ m}$.

(a) Find the smallest possible value of M .

(3)

A new particle is placed on the rod at the point E , where $EB = 0.9\text{ m}$.

(b) Find the magnitude of the force acting on the rod at C .

(3)

Question 4 continued

Lined area for writing the answer to Question 4 continued.



P 7 5 7 1 8 R A 0 9 2 8

Question 4 continued

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Question 4 continued

Lined area for writing the answer to Question 4.

(Total for Question 4 is 6 marks)



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Question 5 continued

Lined area for writing the answer to Question 5 continued.



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Question 5 continued

Handwriting practice area with horizontal lines.

(Total for Question 5 is 14 marks)





A diagram showing a black square representing a particle on a horizontal surface. A dashed horizontal line extends to the right from the center of the square. A solid line with an arrow at its end originates from the center of the square and points upwards and to the right. The angle between the dashed line and the solid line is labeled θ . The label (m) is placed to the left of the square.

A box of mass m lies on a rough horizontal plane. The box is pulled along the plane in a straight line at **constant speed** by a light rope. The rope is inclined at an angle θ to the plane, as shown in Figure 3.

The box is modelled as a particle.

(a) find, in terms of m and g , the tension in the rope.

(7)

The box is again modelled as a particle.

(b) Find d in terms of u and g .

(5)

Question 6 continued

Lined area for writing the answer to Question 6 continued.





Question 6 continued

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Question 6 continued

Handwriting practice area with horizontal lines.

(Total for Question 6 is 12 marks)



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Question 7 continued

Lined area for writing the answer to Question 7 continued.



P 7 5 7 1 8 R A 0 2 1 2 8

Question 7 continued

Handwriting practice area with horizontal lines.

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Question 7 continued

Lined area for writing answers.

(Total for Question 7 is 13 marks)



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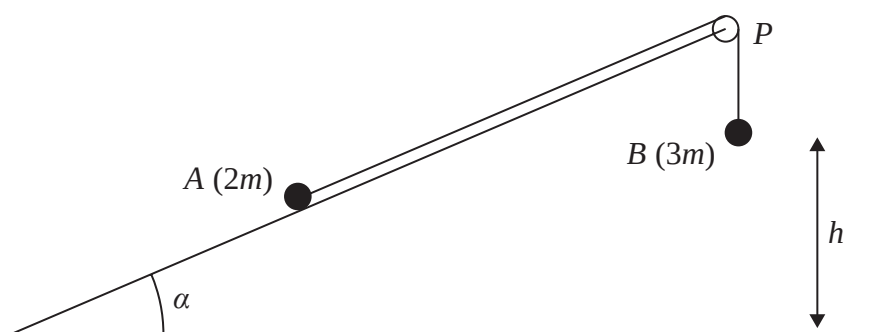


Figure 4

One end of a light inextensible string is attached to a particle A of mass $2m$. The other end of the string is attached to a particle B of mass $3m$. Particle A is held at rest on a rough plane which is inclined to horizontal ground at an angle α , where $\tan \alpha = \frac{5}{12}$.

The string passes over a small smooth pulley P which is fixed at the top of the plane. Particle B hangs vertically below P with the string taut, at a height h above the ground, as shown in Figure 4.

The part of the string between A and P lies along a line of greatest slope of the plane. The two particles, the string and the pulley all lie in the same vertical plane.

The coefficient of friction between A and the plane is $\frac{11}{36}$.

The particle A is released from rest and begins to move up the plane.

(a) Show that the frictional force acting on A as it moves up the plane is $\frac{22mg}{39}$. (3)

(b) Write down an equation of motion for B . (2)

(c) Show that the acceleration of A immediately after its release is $\frac{1}{3}g$. (4)

In the subsequent motion, A comes to rest before it reaches the pulley.

(d) Find, in terms of h , the total distance travelled by A from when it was released from rest to when it first comes to rest again. (6)



Question 8 continued

Handwriting practice area with 20 horizontal lines.





Question 8 continued

Handwriting practice area with 30 horizontal lines.

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Question 8 continued

Lined area for writing the answer to Question 8 continued.



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Question 8 continued

(Total for Question 8 is 15 marks)

TOTAL FOR PAPER IS 75 MARKS

